Exercise A

1 f(x) = 2x - 1 and $g(x) = x^2 + 2x$ Work out (i) f(-4) (ii) f(0.6)(iii) g(3) (iv) g(-1) (v) f(0) (vi) g(0). 2 $f(x) = 3x^2$ and $g(x) = \frac{6}{3}$ Work out (i) f(2) (ii) f(-5) (iii) g(2) (iv) g(-1.5) (v) $g\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ (vi) $g\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)$. 3 f(x) = 8 - 3x and g(x) = 4(x + 3). Solve f(x) = 0 (ii) g(x) = 20 (iii) f(x) = g(x). (i) h(x) = 3x - 24 Work out expressions, giving answers in the simplest form, for (i) h(2x)(iii) h(x+1)(iiii) $h(x^2)$. 5 $f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 1$ Work out expressions, giving answers in the simplest form, for (i) f(3x)(iii) f(x-2). **6** $g(x) = \frac{x+6}{2x}$ (i) Work out g(3). (ii) Solve g(x) = 3. (ii) Solve g(2x) = 1.

Exercise B

1. Given that,

$$f(x) = 2x - 3$$
 and $g(x) = 4x + 1$

find the following composite functions.

- (a) fg(x)
- (b) gf(x)

2. Given that,

$$f(x) = 3x+1$$
, $g(x) = 2x^2 - 4x + 1$ and $h(x) = \frac{2}{3x}$

find the following composite functions.

- (a) fg(x)
- (b) gf(x)
- (c) gh(x)
- (d) fh(x)
- (e) hf(x)
- (f) hg(x)
- (g) $f^{2}(x)$
- 3. Given that f(x) = 2x 1, $g(x) = x^2 + 1$ and $h(x) = \frac{1}{3x}$

find the following.

- (a) fg(2)
- (b) gh(-2)
- (c) hf(-1)
- (d) hg(3)
- (e) *gf*(5)
- (f) $g^2(-3)$
- 4. For each of the following functions, find their inverse functions.

(a)
$$f(x) = 10x + 3$$

- (b) $g(x) = \frac{2x-1}{3}$
- (c) $h(x) = \frac{3x+2}{x-1}$
- (d) $f(x) = \sqrt{5x+4}$