1.

The <i>n</i> <sup>th</sup> term of the linear sequence	2	7	12	17		is 5 <i>n</i> – 3
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A new sequence is formed by squaring each term of the linear sequence and adding 1.

Prove algebraically that all the terms in the new sequence are multiples of 5.

2.

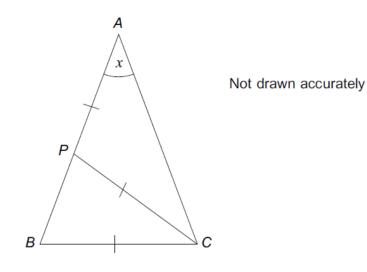
Simplify 
$$\frac{x^2 + 4x - 12}{x^2 - 25} \div \frac{x + 6}{x^2 - 5x}$$

3. 
$$x^{\frac{3}{2}} = 8$$
 where  $x > 0$  and  $y^{-2} = \frac{25}{4}$  where  $y > 0$ 

Work out the value of  $\frac{x}{y}$ .

4.

ABC is a triangle. *P* is a point on *AB* such that AP = PC = BCAngle BAC = x



(a) Prove that angle ABC = 2x

(b) You are also given that AB = AC

Work out the value of x.

5.

 $1 \le m \le 5$  and  $-9 \le n \le 2$ 

(a) Work out an inequality for m + n.

Answer.....  $\leq m + n \leq$  .....

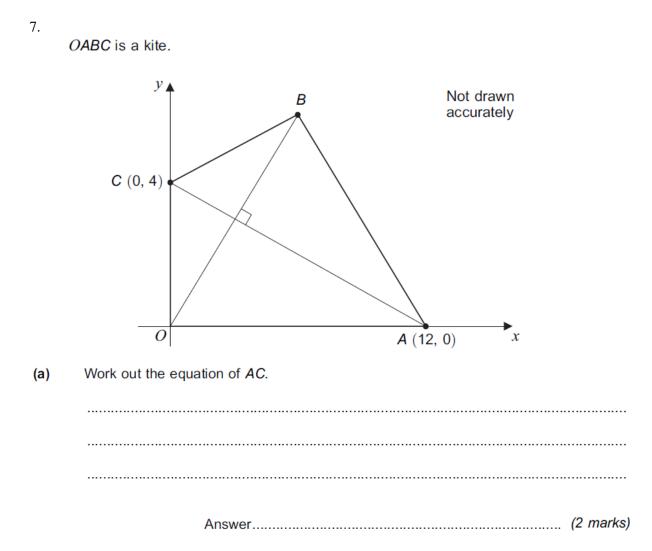
**(b)** Work out an inequality for  $(m+n)^2$ .

Answer.....  $\leq (m+n)^2 \leq \dots$ 

6.

A sphere has radius *x* centimetres. A hemisphere has radius *y* centimetres. The shapes have equal volumes.

Work out the value of  $\frac{y}{x}$ . Give your answer in the form  $a^{\frac{1}{3}}$  where *a* is an integer.

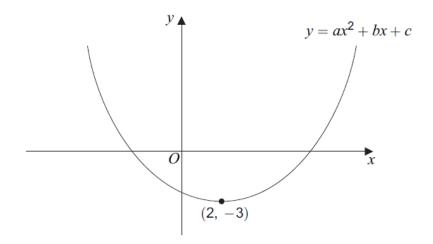


(b) Work out the coordinates of *B*.

	Answer ( ) <i>(6 marks)</i>

8.

A sketch of  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  is shown. The minimum point is (2, -3).



For the sketch shown, circle the correct answer in each of the following.

(a) The value of *a* is

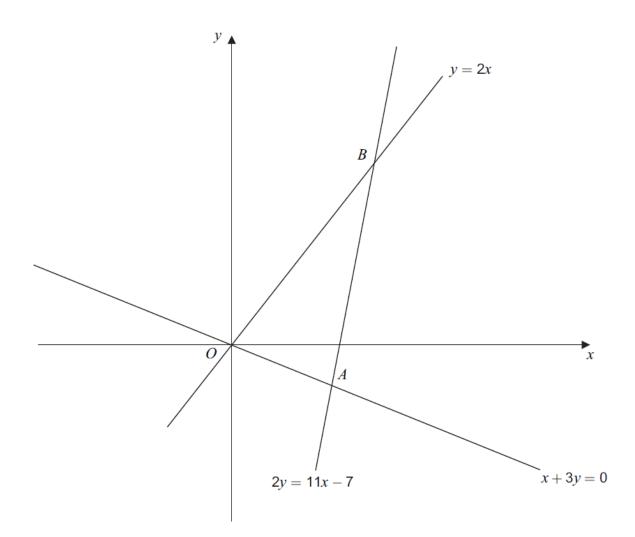
	zero	positive	negative	(1 mark)
(b)	The value of $c$ is			
	zero	positive	negative	(1 mark)

(c)	The solutions of ax	$^{2}+bx+c=0$ are					
	both zero	both positive	both negative	one positive and one negative			
					mark)		
(d)	d) The <b>number</b> of solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = -6$ is						
	0	1	2	3 (1	mark)		
(e)	(e) The equation of the tangent to $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ at $(2, -3)$ is						
	<i>x</i> = 2	<i>y</i> = 2	x = -3	<i>y</i> = −3 (1	mark)		
9. Sol	ve the simultaneous	oquationa					
501	ve the simultaneous		4				
		$ \begin{array}{l} x + y = \\ y^2 = \\ \end{array} $	= 4x + 5				
Do	not use trial and imp	provement.					
Ans	swer			(6 1	marks)		

The equations of three straight lines are

$$y = 2x$$
  $x + 3y = 0$   $2y = 11x - 7$ 

The lines intersect at the points O, A and B as shown on this sketch.



Show that length OB = length AB

10.