Set Notation and Venn Diagrams - 1

Exercise A

1.

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

 $B = \{1, 3, 5\}$

- (a) List the members of the set
 - (i) $A \cap B$,
 - (ii) $A \cup B$.

(2)

(b) Explain clearly the meaning of $3 \in A$.

(1)

2.

 $\mathcal{E} = \{ \mathbf{even} \text{ numbers less than } 19 \}$

 $M = \{\text{multiples of 3}\}\$

 $F = \{\text{factors of } 12\}$

(a) (i) Explain why it is not true that $9 \in M$.

(ii) List the members of M.

(2)

(b) List the members of $M \cap F$.

(2)

-1-

\mathcal{E} = {positive whole numbers} $A = \{\text{factors of } 27\}$
$B = \{\text{factors of 9}\}\$ $C = \{\text{first four even numbers}\}\$
(a) List the members of $A \cup B$.
(2)
(b) (i) Is it true that $A \cap C = \emptyset$?
Tick (✔) the appropriate box. Yes No
(ii) Explain your answer.
(1)
(c) Complete the Venn Diagram to show the relationship between the sets A, B and C.
\mathcal{E}
(2)
(a) $S = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$
$T = \{2, 3, 7, 11\}$
How many members are there in $S \cup T$?
(1)

(b)	$U = \{3, 4, 5\}$ $U \cup V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$	
	The set V has as few members as possible. List the members of the set V .	
		(1)
(c)	$A = \{\text{Cats}\}\$ $B = \{\text{Black animals}\}\$	
	Describe the members of $A \cap B$.	
		(1)
5.		
(a)	$A = \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$	
	$B = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$	
	(i) List the members of $A \cap B$.	
	(ii) How many members are in $A \cup B$?	
		(2)
(b)	$\mathcal{E} = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ $P = \{3, 4, 5\}$ Two other sets, Q and R , each contain exactly three member $P \cap Q = \{3, 4\}$ $P \cap R = \{3, 4\}$ Set Q is not the same as set R .	rs.
	(i) Write down the members of a possible set Q .	
	(ii) Write down the members of a possible set R .	
		(2)

_	
6	
v.	

- (a) $\mathscr{E} = \{ \text{Students in Year } 12 \}$
 - $G = \{ \text{Students who study German} \}$
 - $F = \{\text{Students who study French}\}\$
 - $M = \{ \text{Students who study Maths} \}$
 - (i) $G \cap M = \emptyset$

Use this information to write a statement about the students who study German in Year 12

(ii) Preety is a student in Year 12 Preety ∉ F.

Use this information to write a statement about Preety.

(2)

(b)
$$A = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$$

 $A \cap B = \{2, 4\}$
 $A \cup B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$

List all the members of set *B*.

7.

A garage tests cars for faults.

There are three types of fault – braking, steering and lighting.

A car fails the test if it has one or more of these three types of fault.

Last week, 11 cars had braking faults

9 cars had steering faults

7 cars had lighting faults

no car had both steering faults and lighting faults

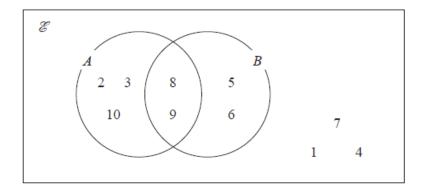
2 cars had both braking faults and steering faults

3 cars had both braking faults and lighting faults.

By drawing a Venn Diagram, or otherwise, find the number of cars which failed the test last week.

NB Tutors Ltd, Unit 79, Capital Business Centre, 22 Carlton Road, South Croydon, CR2 OBS

8.



The Venn diagram shows all of the elements in sets A, B and \mathcal{E} .

(a) Write down the elements in A'

(1)

(b) Find $n(A \cap B)'$

(c) Find the elements in $(A \cap B) \cup (A \cup B)'$

(1)

(1)

$$A \cap C = \emptyset$$

 $B \cup C = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$
 $n(C) = 3$

(d) Write down the elements in C.

(1)

9.

A and B are two sets.

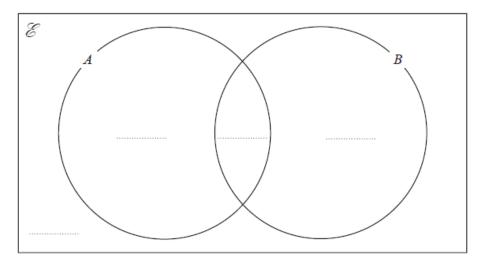
$$n(\mathcal{E}) = 36$$

$$n(B) = 21$$

$$n(A \cap B) = 8$$

$$n(A') = 18$$

(a) Complete the Venn diagram to show the **number of elements** in each region of the Venn diagram.



(3)

(b) Find $n(A \cup B)$



(c) Find $n(A \cap B')$

