

## Polynomials and Factor Theorem

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### Exercise A

**1** Divide:

**a**  $x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x + 3$  by  $(x + 1)$

**c**  $x^3 + 7x^2 - 3x - 54$  by  $(x + 6)$

**e**  $x^3 - x^2 + x + 14$  by  $(x + 2)$

**g**  $x^3 - 5x^2 + 8x - 4$  by  $(x - 2)$

**i**  $x^3 - 8x^2 + 13x + 10$  by  $(x - 5)$

**b**  $x^3 + 10x^2 + 25x + 4$  by  $(x + 4)$

**d**  $x^3 + 9x^2 + 18x - 10$  by  $(x + 5)$

**f**  $x^3 + x^2 - 7x - 15$  by  $(x - 3)$

**h**  $x^3 - 3x^2 + 8x - 6$  by  $(x - 1)$

**j**  $x^3 - 5x^2 - 6x - 56$  by  $(x - 7)$

**2** Divide:

**a**  $6x^3 + 27x^2 + 14x + 8$  by  $(x + 4)$

**c**  $3x^3 - 10x^2 - 10x + 8$  by  $(x - 4)$

**e**  $2x^3 + 4x^2 - 9x - 9$  by  $(x + 3)$

**g**  $-3x^3 + 2x^2 - 2x - 7$  by  $(x + 1)$

**i**  $-5x^3 - 27x^2 + 23x + 30$  by  $(x + 6)$

**b**  $4x^3 + 9x^2 - 3x - 10$  by  $(x + 2)$

**d**  $3x^3 - 5x^2 - 4x - 24$  by  $(x - 3)$

**f**  $2x^3 - 15x^2 + 14x + 24$  by  $(x - 6)$

**h**  $-2x^3 + 5x^2 + 17x - 20$  by  $(x - 4)$

**j**  $-4x^3 + 9x^2 - 3x + 2$  by  $(x - 2)$

**3** Divide:

**a**  $x^4 + 5x^3 + 2x^2 - 7x + 2$  by  $(x + 2)$

**b**  $x^4 + 11x^3 + 25x^2 - 29x - 20$  by  $(x + 5)$

**c**  $4x^4 + 14x^3 + 3x^2 - 14x - 15$  by  $(x + 3)$

**d**  $3x^4 - 7x^3 - 23x^2 + 14x - 8$  by  $(x - 4)$

**e**  $-3x^4 + 9x^3 - 10x^2 + x + 14$  by  $(x - 2)$

**f**  $3x^5 + 17x^4 + 2x^3 - 38x^2 + 5x - 25$  by  $(x + 5)$

**g**  $6x^5 - 19x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + 13x + 6$  by  $(x - 3)$

**h**  $-5x^5 + 7x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x - 7$  by  $(x - 1)$

**i**  $2x^6 - 11x^5 + 14x^4 - 16x^3 + 36x^2 - 10x - 24$  by  $(x - 4)$

**j**  $-x^6 + 4x^5 - 4x^4 + 4x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x - 3$  by  $(x - 3)$

### Exercise B

**1** Divide:

**a**  $x^3 + x + 10$  by  $(x + 2)$

**b**  $2x^3 - 17x + 3$  by  $(x + 3)$

**c**  $-3x^3 + 50x - 8$  by  $(x - 4)$

**2** Divide:

**a**  $x^3 + x^2 - 36$  by  $(x - 3)$

**b**  $2x^3 + 9x^2 + 25$  by  $(x + 5)$

**c**  $-3x^3 + 11x^2 - 20$  by  $(x - 2)$

**3** Divide:

**a**  $x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 10$  by  $(x + 2)$

**b**  $2x^3 - 6x^2 + 7x - 21$  by  $(x - 3)$

**c**  $-3x^3 + 21x^2 - 4x + 28$  by  $(x - 7)$

**Hint for question 2:**  
Use 0x.

- 4** Find the remainder when:
- $x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x + 2$  is divided by  $(x + 5)$
  - $3x^3 - 20x^2 + 10x + 5$  is divided by  $(x - 6)$
  - $-2x^3 + 3x^2 + 12x + 20$  is divided by  $(x - 4)$
- 5** Show that when  $3x^3 - 2x^2 + 4$  is divided by  $(x - 1)$  the remainder is 5.
- 6** Show that when  $3x^4 - 8x^3 + 10x^2 - 3x - 25$  is divided by  $(x + 1)$  the remainder is  $-1$ .
- 7** Show that  $(x + 4)$  is a factor of  $5x^3 - 73x + 28$ .
- 8** Simplify  $\frac{3x^3 - 8x - 8}{x - 2}$ .
- 9** Divide  $x^3 - 1$  by  $(x - 1)$ .
- 10** Divide  $x^4 - 16$  by  $(x + 2)$ .

**Hint for question 8:**  
Divide  $3x^3 - 8x - 8$  by  $(x - 2)$ .

**Hint for question 9:**  
Use  $0x^2$  and  $0x$ .

### Exercise C

- 1** Use the factor theorem to show:
- $(x - 1)$  is a factor of  $4x^3 - 3x^2 - 1$
  - $(x + 3)$  is a factor of  $5x^4 - 45x^2 - 6x - 18$
  - $(x - 4)$  is a factor of  $-3x^3 + 13x^2 - 6x + 8$
- 2** Show that  $(x - 1)$  is a factor of  $x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x - 12$  and hence factorise the expression completely.
- 3** Show that  $(x + 1)$  is a factor of  $x^3 + 3x^2 - 33x - 35$  and hence factorise the expression completely.
- 4** Show that  $(x - 5)$  is a factor of  $x^3 - 7x^2 + 2x + 40$  and hence factorise the expression completely.
- 5** Show that  $(x - 2)$  is a factor of  $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 18x + 8$  and hence factorise the expression completely.
- 6** Each of these expressions has a factor  $(x \pm p)$ . Find a value of  $p$  and hence factorise the expression completely.
- a**  $x^3 - 10x^2 + 19x + 30$       **b**  $x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4$       **c**  $x^3 - 4x^2 - 11x + 30$
- 7** Factorise:
- $2x^3 + 5x^2 - 4x - 3$
  - $2x^3 - 17x^2 + 38x - 15$
  - $3x^3 + 8x^2 + 3x - 2$
  - $6x^3 + 11x^2 - 3x - 2$
  - $4x^3 - 12x^2 - 7x + 30$
- 8** Given that  $(x - 1)$  is a factor of  $5x^3 - 9x^2 + 2x + a$  find the value of  $a$ .
- 9** Given that  $(x + 3)$  is a factor of  $6x^3 - bx^2 + 18$  find the value of  $b$ .
- 10** Given that  $(x - 1)$  and  $(x + 1)$  are factors of  $px^3 + qx^2 - 3x - 7$  find the value of  $p$  and  $q$ .

**Hint for question 10:**  
Solve simultaneous equations.