Quadratics

Exercise A

Workout the value of the discriminant of each of the following quadratic expressions:

1.
$$x^2 + 5x + 2$$

2.
$$2x^2 + 4x + 1$$

3.
$$4x^2 - 3x + 5$$

4.
$$-x^2-4x-3$$

5.
$$p^2 - 6p - 5$$

6.
$$x^2 - 7x$$

Exercise B

Use the discriminant to determine the number of real roots of each of the following quadratic equations:

1.
$$x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0$$

$$2. 2x^2 - 6x + 20 = 0$$

3.
$$x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$$

4.
$$3x^2 - x - 13 = 0$$

5.
$$t^2 - 4t + 16 = 0$$

6.
$$-x^2 - 2x - 10 = 0$$

Exercise C

- 1. The quadratic equation $2x^2 6x + k = 0$, where k is a constant, has repeated real roots. Find the value of k.
- 2. (a) Find the discriminant of $kx^2 4x + k$ in terms of k.
 - (b) The quadratic equation $kx^2 4x + k = 0$ has equal roots. Find the possible values of k.

3.

- (i) Calculate the discriminant of $-2x^2 + 7x + 3$ and hence state the number of real roots of the equation $-2x^2 + 7x + 3 = 0$. [3]
- (ii) The quadratic equation $2x^2 + (p+1)x + 8 = 0$ has equal roots. Find the possible values of p. [4]

4.

The equation $kx^2 + 4x + (5 - k) = 0$, where k is a constant, has 2 different real solutions for x.

(a) Show that k satisfies

$$k^2 - 5k + 4 > 0.$$

(3)

(b) Hence find the set of possible values of k.

(4)

- Given that the quadratic equation $2x^2 + 6x k = 0$ has two distinct real roots, find the possible set 5. of values of the constant k.
- The quadratic equation $x^2 + 4x 2m = 0$ has no real solutions. Find the possible range of values of
- (a) Find the discriminant of the quadratic expression $px^2 3x + 5$ in terms of p. 7.
 - (b) Hence find the set of possible values of p for which the quadratic equation $px^2 3x + 5 = 0$ has no solutions.
- Find the value of the constant q such that the quadratic equation $qx^2 6x + q = 0$ has equal roots.

Exercise D

Sketch each of the following quadratic graphs.

1.
$$y = x^2 - 8x + 12$$

2.
$$y = x^2 + 6x + 5$$

3.
$$y = x^2 - 5x - 14$$

4.
$$y = x^2 - 4x + 1$$

5.
$$y = x^2 + 10x - 3$$
 6. $y = x^2 - 5x$

6.
$$y = x^2 - 5x$$

7.
$$y = 2x^2 - x - 3$$

8.
$$y = 3x^2 - 4x - 4$$

9.
$$y = 2x^2 - 12x$$

10.
$$y = x^2 - 9$$

11.
$$y = x^2 - 25$$

12.
$$y = 2x^2 - 15$$

13.
$$y = x^2 + 2x + 10$$
 14. $y = x^2 - x + 5$

14.
$$y = x^2 - x + 5$$

15.
$$y = -x^2 + 4x - 20$$

16.
$$y = -2x^2 + 3x - 15$$

Exercise E

Solve the following equations:

1.
$$x^4 - 5x^2 + 4 = 0$$

2.
$$x^4 - 3x^2 - 10 = 0$$

1.
$$x^4 - 5x^2 + 4 = 0$$
 2. $x^4 - 3x^2 - 10 = 0$ 3. $2x^6 + 9x^3 + 4 = 0$

4.
$$2x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 3 = 0$$

5.
$$3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 9x^{\frac{1}{6}} = 0$$