

**Functions****Exercise A**

**1**  $f(x) = 2x - 1$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 2x$

Work out

(i)  $f(-4)$  (ii)  $f(0.6)$  (iii)  $g(3)$  (iv)  $g(-1)$  (v)  $f(0)$  (vi)  $g(0)$ .

**2**  $f(x) = 3x^2$  and  $g(x) = \frac{6}{x}$

Work out

(i)  $f(2)$  (ii)  $f(-5)$  (iii)  $g(2)$  (iv)  $g(-1.5)$  (v)  $g\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$  (vi)  $g\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)$ .

**3**  $f(x) = 8 - 3x$  and  $g(x) = 4(x + 3)$ .

Solve

(i)  $f(x) = 0$  (ii)  $g(x) = 20$  (iii)  $f(x) = g(x)$ .

**4**  $h(x) = 3x - 2$

Work out expressions, giving answers in the simplest form, for

(i)  $h(2x)$  (ii)  $h(x + 1)$  (iii)  $h(x^2)$ .

**5**  $f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 1$

Work out expressions, giving answers in the simplest form, for

(i)  $f(3x)$  (ii)  $f(x - 2)$ .

**6**  $g(x) = \frac{x+6}{2x}$

(i) Work out  $g(3)$ . (ii) Solve  $g(x) = 3$ . (iii) Solve  $g(2x) = 1$ .

**Exercise B**

**1** Work out the range of  $f(x)$  in each of the following.

(i) $f(x) = 3x$	$x < 2$	(ii) $f(x) = x + 4$	$x \geq 1$
(iii) $f(x) = 2x + 4$	$x \geq -1$	(iv) $f(x) = 10 - x$	$x \leq 4$
(v) $f(x) = 2x$	$1 \leq x \leq 5$	(vi) $f(x) = x - 3$	$0 < x < 10$
(vii) $f(x) = 5 - 2x$	$x \geq -3$	(viii) $f(x) = 3 - 4x$	$-2 \leq x \leq 3$

2 Work out the range of  $f(x)$  in each of the following.

(i)  $f(x) = x^2$   $-2 \leq x \leq 2$

(iii)  $f(x) = x^3$   $x \geq 0$

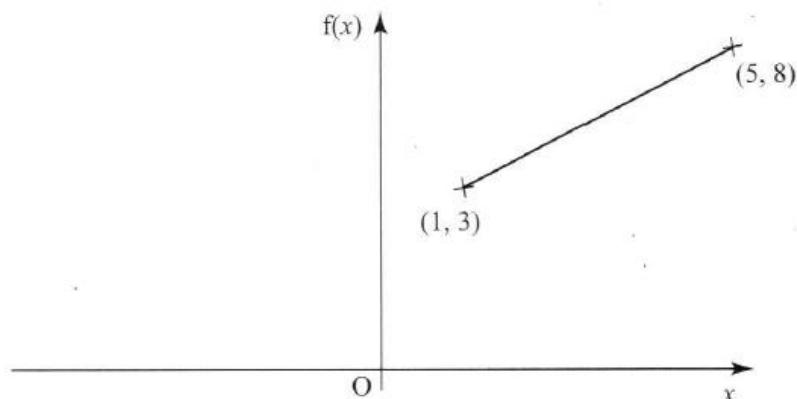
(ii)  $f(x) = x^2$   $0 < x < 4$

(iv)  $f(x) = x^3$   $-1 \leq x \leq 3$

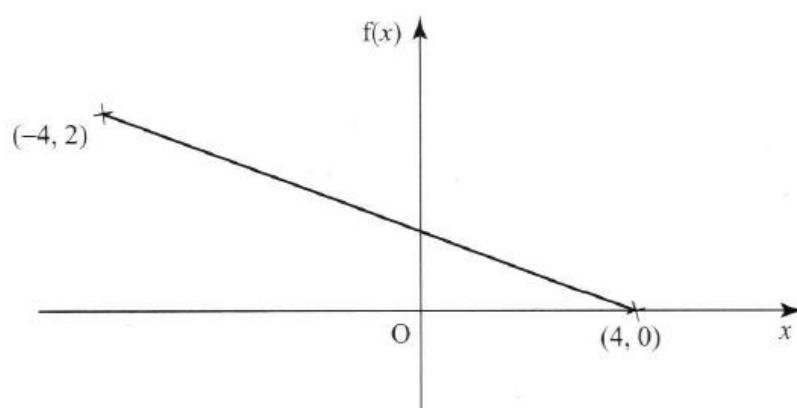
3 In each of the following, a sketch of a function,  $f(x)$ , is shown.

Write down the domain and the range for  $f(x)$ .

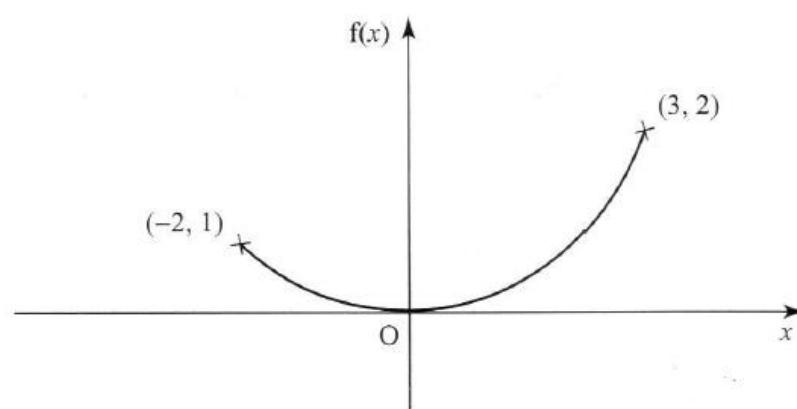
(i)



(ii)



(iii)



### Exercise C

1. Given that,

$$f(x) = 2x - 3 \text{ and } g(x) = 4x + 1$$

find the following composite functions.

(a)  $fg(x)$

(b)  $gf(x)$

2. Given that,

$$f(x) = 3x + 1, g(x) = 2x^2 - 4x + 1 \text{ and } h(x) = \frac{2}{3x}$$

find the following composite functions.

(a)  $fg(x)$

(b)  $gf(x)$

(c)  $gh(x)$

(d)  $fh(x)$

(e)  $hf(x)$

(f)  $hg(x)$

(g)  $f^2(x)$

3. Given that  $f(x) = 2x - 1, g(x) = x^2 + 1$  and  $h(x) = \frac{1}{3x}$

find the following.

(a)  $fg(2)$

(b)  $gh(-2)$

(c)  $hf(-1)$

(d)  $hg(3)$

(e)  $gf(5)$

(f)  $g^2(-3)$

4. For each of the following functions, find their inverse functions.

(a)  $f(x) = 10x + 3$

$$(b) \quad g(x) = \frac{2x-1}{3}$$

$$(c) \quad h(x) = \frac{3x+2}{x-1}$$

$$(d) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{5x+4}$$